

Site Assessment

Stretton Grandison Group Parish Council

31 August 2018

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This document is intended to aid the preparation of the Neighbourhood Development Plan (NDP), and can be used to guide decision making and as evidence to support NDP policies, if the Qualifying Body (QB) so chooses. It is not a neighbourhood plan policy document. It is a 'snapshot' in time and may become superseded by more recent information. The QB is not bound to accept its conclusions. If landowners or any other party can demonstrate that any of the evidence presented herein is inaccurate or out of date, such evidence can be presented to the QB at the consultation stage. Where evidence from elsewhere conflicts with this report, the QB should decide what policy position to take in the NDP and that judgement should be documented so that it can be defended at the Examination stage.

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Abbreviations used in the report

Abbreviation

DEFRA	Department of the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs
DPD	Development Plan Document
На	Hectare
HC	Herefordshire Council
NA	Neighbourhood Area
NDP	Neighbourhood Development Plan
NPPF	National Planning Policy Framework
MHCLG	Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government
PDL	Previously Developed Land
PPG	Planning Policy Guidance (MHCLG)
SGG	Stretton Grandison Group
SGGPC	Stretton Grandison Group Parish Council
SHLAA	Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment

Executive Summary

Site selection and allocation is one of the most contentious aspects of planning, raising strong feelings amongst local people, landowners, developers and businesses. It is important that any selection process carried out is transparent, fair, robust and defensible and that the same criteria and thorough process is applied to each potential site. Equally important is the way in which the work is recorded and communicated to interested parties so the approach is transparent and defensible.

Stretton Grandison Group Parish Council is in the process of preparing a Neighbourhood Development Plan for the parishes of Canon Frome, Castle Frome, Eggleton and Stretton Grandison which fall within the administrative area of Herefordshire Council.

The Neighbourhood Development Plan is being prepared in the context of the Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy 2011 – 2031. Policy RA2 sets out that the minimum growth target in each rural Housing Market Area will be used to inform the level of housing development to be delivered in the various settlements. Policy RA1 sets out that for Ledbury (in which the Neighbourhood Area is located) the indicative housing growth target is 14% which equates to 18 homes for the Neighbourhood Area over the Plan period.

Stretton Grandison Group Parish Council undertook a 'call for sites' exercise which concluded on the 1st March 2018 and identified 12 sites within the Neighbourhood Area. In addition, one site was submitted to the Hertfordshire Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment (2015) which has also been considered.

Following an initial sifting process five sites were discontinued due to conflict with the Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy: Sites 2, 3, 4, 7 and 9.

The remaining sites were assessed using the pro-formas included in Appendix A. All sites were visited to verify the rationale for their discounting or the findings of the desktop appraisal.

From the assessments undertaken it is considered that Stretton Grandison Group Parish Council have a number of options in terms of the how the housing target of 18 homes could be distributed through the Neighbourhood Area; one option would be to allocate all of the housing on one site and the other would be to distribute the growth amongst a number of sites.

The advantages of concentrating growth on one site relate to primarily to planning gain including the provision of affordable housing and/or open space, although these opportunities depend on the specific site and scheme as well as viability. On the basis of the available information it is considered that there are two sites which could each individually accommodate the total housing requirement for the SGG NDP: Site 13 and Site 11.

Alternatively, the Group could decide to split their allocation across a number of smaller sites within the Neighbourhood Area. The allocation of a number of smaller sites across the Neighbourhood Area may reduce the visual impact and highways network impact because the scale of each allocation would be smaller and the impacts spread across a wider area. However, there would be a smaller opportunity to capture planning gain through Section 106 Agreements as financial viability may be more of an issue.

On the basis of the available information it is considered that there are six sites which could in combination accommodate the total housing requirement for the SGG NDP: Site 1, Site 5, Site 6, Site 8, Site 10 and Site 12; Site 12 is considered to be the most constrained of these sites.

Site 8 relates to an existing community which is owned by a co-ownership housing association and it is their intention to create up to eight affordable housing units to be part of their community. It is considered that the site does not represent an appropriate allocation for housing if this housing were to comprise typical market housing to be sold off. However, the landowner's have stated an interest in providing affordable housing to be occupied in connection with their existing community. Site 8 could therefore be considered a rural exception site. HC's Policy H2 supports proposals for affordable housing schemes in rural areas which would not normally be released for housing subject to three criteria.

Points of further consideration have been highlighted in relation to each site for Stretton Grandison Group Parish Council to consider before making their decision.

1. Introduction

Background

- 1.1 AECOM has been commissioned to undertake an independent site appraisal for the Stretton Grandison Group Neighbourhood Plan on behalf of Stretton Grandison Group Parish Council (SGGPC). The work undertaken was agreed with the Group and the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) in May 2018.
- 1.2 Stretton Grandison Group Parish Council (SGGPC) is in the process of preparing a Neighbourhood Development Plan (NDP) for the parishes of Canon Frome, Castle Frome, Eggleton and Stretton Grandison which fall within the administrative area of Herefordshire Council (HC). The boundary of the Neighbourhood Area (NA) and SGGPC, as the qualifying body, were designated by HC in September 2015.
- 1.3 The Group Parish extends over 1697ha and had a combined population of 360 in 2011. The area lies about 10 miles to the north east of Hereford, and 8 miles north west of Ledbury.
- 1.4 The Neighbourhood Development Plan (NDP) is being prepared in the context of the Herefordshire Local Plan Core Strategy 2011 2031¹. The Core Strategy was adopted by HC on 16 October 2015; it shapes future development and sets the overall strategic planning framework for the county. The Core Strategy balances environmental issues with economic and social needs to ensure that development is sustainable and does not cause irreversible harm to important resources and features.
- 1.5 HC are currently in the process of producing the Rural Areas Site Allocation (RASA) Development Plan Document (DPD); the Issues and Options document² was consulted upon during the summer of 2017. It is intended that the RASA DPD will contain the more detailed proposals to ensure the full delivery of the rural growth targets within the Core Strategy. However, the RASA DPD will not contain policies and proposals for growth in Core Strategy Policy RA2 settlements which are included within a NDP (i.e. Lower Eggleton, Eggleton, Canon Frome and Stratton Grandison).
- 1.6 The adopted Local Plan is important in setting the framework for the development of NDPs, which are required to be in conformity with the strategic policies of the adopted development plan. NDPs add value to the development plan by developing policies and proposals to address local place-based issues. The intention, therefore, is for the Core Strategy to provide a clear overall strategic direction for development in Stretton Grandison Group Parish, whilst enabling finer detail to be determined through the neighbourhood planning process. The Core Strategy supports the production of NDPs and the allocation of sites for development therein (Policy RA2) and it is the intention of SGGPC to plan for their identified need through the NDP.
- 1.7 Policy RA2 sets out that the minimum growth target in each rural Housing Market Area will be used to inform the level of housing development to be delivered in the various settlements. Policy RA1 sets out that for Ledbury (in which the NA is located) the indicative housing growth target is 14%. Lower Eggleton and Fromes Hill (both on the

¹ Available at: https://www.herefordshire.gov.uk/downloads/file/1788/core_strategy_sections_combined

² Available at: https://www.herefordshire.gov.uk/downloads/file/8524/rural_areas_site_allocation_dpd

edge of the neighbourhood area, and partly within other parishes) are identified as settlements which will be the main focus of proportionate housing development. Stretton Grandison, Canon Frome and Eggleton are identified as other settlements where proportionate housing is appropriate. On the basis of an indicative housing growth target of 14% the minimum level of growth for the NA has been calculated as 18 dwellings over the Core Strategy period to 2031.

- 1.8 SGGPC undertook a 'call for sites' exercise which concluded on the 1st March 2018 and identified 12 sites within the NA. In addition, one site was submitted to the Hertfordshire SHLAA (2015)³ and was considered to be of medium suitability for the allocation of housing.
- 1.9 In this context, PPC has asked AECOM to undertake an independent and objective review of the known sites.

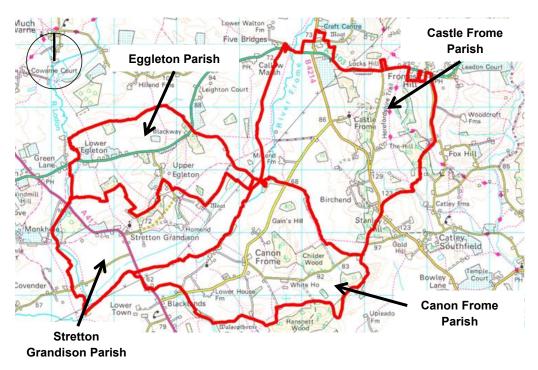


Figure 1. Stretton Grandison Group Neighbourhood Area (Source: Herefordshire Council)

- 1.10 The purpose of this site appraisal is to produce a clear assessment of whether the identified sites are appropriate for the allocation of housing in the NDP, in particular whether they comply with both the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and the strategic policies of the adopted Core Strategy (2015).
- 1.11 It is anticipated that the neighbourhood planning site selection process, aided by this report, will be robust enough to meet the Basic Conditions considered by the Independent Examiner, as well as any potential legal challenges by developers and other interested parties.

³ Available at:

Planning Policy and Evidence Base

- 1.12 As previously highlighted, the Neighbourhood Plan policies and allocations must be in accordance with the strategic policies of the development plan.
- 1.13 The key documents making up the planning framework for the Stretton Grandison Group Parish are:
 - Herefordshire Core Strategy (adopted September 2015).
- 1.14 The relevant policies are highlighted below.

Herefordshire Core Strategy

1.15 The Core Strategy plans for the years up to 2031 to deliver against the social, economic and environmental needs for the district.

Policy SS1 - Presumption in favour of sustainable development

1.16 Supports sustainable development in accordance with national policy.

Policy SS2 - Delivering new homes

- 1.17 Supports the delivery of 16,500 homes in Herefordshire between 2011 and 2031 to meet market and affordable housing need.
- 1.18 In the rural areas, including Stretton Grandison, new housing development will be acceptable where it helps to meet housing needs and requirements, supports the rural economy and local services and facilities and is responsive to the needs of its community. In the wider rural areas, new housing will be carefully controlled, reflecting the need to recognise the intrinsic character and beauty of the countryside.
- 1.19 The use of previously developed land in sustainable locations will be encouraged. Residential density will be determined by local character and good quality design. The target net density across the county is between 30 and 50 dwellings per hectare, although this may be lower in sensitive areas.

Policy SS4 – Movement and transportation

1.20 New developments should be designed and located to minimise the impacts on the transport network; ensuring that journey times and the efficient and safe operation of the network are not detrimentally impacted. Furthermore, where practicable, development proposals should be accessible by and facilitate a genuine choice of modes of travel including walking, cycling and public transport.

Policy SS6 – Environmental quality and local distinctiveness

1.21 Development proposals should conserve and enhance those environmental assets that contribute towards the county's distinctiveness, in particular its settlement pattern, landscape, biodiversity and heritage assets and especially those with specific environmental designations.

Policy RA1 – Rural housing distribution

1.22 The county's rural areas are divided into seven housing market areas. The NA is located within the Ledbury housing market area which has been allocated a growth target of 14%.

Policy RA2 – Housing in settlements outside of Hereford and the market towns

- 1.23 Sustainable growth will be supported in or adjacent to settlements outside Hereford and the market towns. Development must reflect the size, role and function of each settlement and be located within or adjacent to the main built up area; brownfield sites will be prioritised over greenfield sites.
- 1.24 Settlements within the NA which are the main focus of growth are Fromes Hill and Lower Eggleton; other settlements where proportionate housing is appropriate are Canon Frome, Eggleton and Stretton Grandison, see Figure 2.
- 1.25 NDPs can allocate land for new housing.

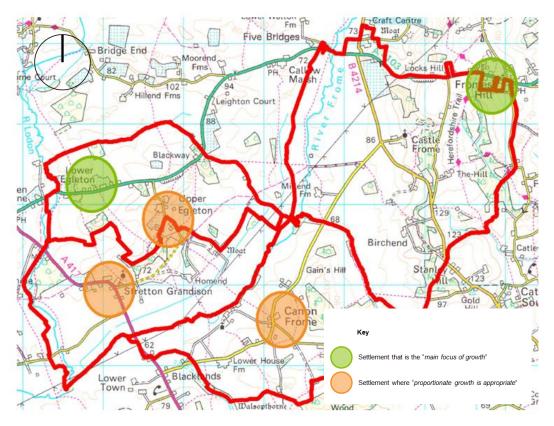


Figure 2. Rural Areas Settlement Hierarchy (Core Strategy Policy RA2)

Policy RA3 - Herefordshire's countryside

1.26 In rural locations outside settlements, residential development will be limited to proposals that meet an agricultural or forestry need, support a rural enterprise, are replacement dwellings, involve the sustainable re-use of a redundant or disused building(s), are rural exception sites, are of an exception design or meets the need of gypsies or other travellers.

Policy H2 - Rural exception sites

1.27 Proposals for affordable housing schemes in rural areas may be permitted on land which would not normally be released for housing subject to a series of conditions.

2. Site Assessment Method

- 2.1 The approach undertaken in the site appraisal is based primarily on the Government's Planning Practice Guidance (Assessment of Land Availability) published in 2014 with ongoing updates, which contains guidance on the assessment of land availability and the production of a Strategic Housing and Economic Land Availability Assessment (SHELAA) as part of a local authority's evidence base for a Local Plan.
- 2.2 Although a NDP is at a smaller scale than a Local Plan, the criteria for assessing the suitability of sites for housing are still appropriate. This includes an assessment of whether a site is suitable, available and achievable.
- 2.3 In this context, the methodology for carrying out the site appraisal is presented below.

Task 1: Identify Sites to be included in the Assessment

- 2.4 The first task is to identify which sites should be considered as part of the assessment. SGGPC undertook a 'call for sites' exercise which concluded on the 1st March 2018 and identified 12 sites within the NA. In addition, one site was submitted to the Herefordshire SHLAA (2015)⁴ which was considered to be of medium suitability for the allocation of housing.
- 2.5 All sites included in the assessment are shown in Table 2 and Table 3 below.

Task 2: Pro-Forma

- 2.6 A site appraisal pro-forma has been developed by AECOM to assess potential sites for allocation in the NDP. It has been developed based on the Government's National Planning Practice Guidance, the Site Assessment for Neighbourhood Plans: A Toolkit for Neighbourhood Planners (Locality, 2015) and the knowledge and experience gained through previous neighbourhood planning site assessments. The purpose of the pro-forma is to enable a consistent evaluation of each site against an objective set of criteria.
- 2.7 The pro-forma utilised for the assessment enabled a range of information to be recorded, including the following:
 - General information:
 - Site location and use; and
 - Site context and planning history.
 - Context:
 - Type of site (greenfield, brownfield etc.); and
 - Planning history.
 - Suitability:
 - Site characteristics;
 - Environmental considerations;
 - Heritage considerations;
 - Community facilities and services; and

https://www.herefordshire.gov.uk/downloads/download/181/strategic_housing_land_availability_assessment_2015

⁴ Available at:

- Other key considerations (e.g. flood risk, agricultural land, tree preservation orders.
- Availability
- 2.8 One pro-forma was completed for each site considered through this site assessment; however, prior to completing pro-formas an initial sift of the sites was undertaken to identify and discount any sites with insurmountable constraints.
- 2.9 The pro-formas were completed following a desk top assessment which draws upon a range of sources of information including Google Maps⁵ and Google Earth⁶, the MAGIC map⁷, Historic England mapping⁸ and the EA's Flood Map for Planning⁹. The desk top assessment was corroborated and verified following a site visit which allowed the team to consider aspects of the site assessment that could only be done visually. It was also an opportunity to gain a better understanding of the context and nature of the NA.

Task 3: Consolidation of Results

- 2.10 Following the site visit, the desktop assessments were revisited to finalise the assessments and compare the sites to judge which were the most suitable to meet the housing requirement.
- 2.11 A 'traffic light' rating of all sites has been given based on whether the site is an appropriate candidate to be considered for allocation in the NDP. The traffic light rating indicates 'green' for sites that show no constraints and are appropriate as site allocations, 'amber' for sites which are potentially appropriate if issues can be resolved and 'red' for sites which are not currently suitable, available and/or achievable. The judgement on each site is based on the three 'tests' of whether a site is appropriate for allocation i.e. the site is suitable, available and achievable.
- 2.12 The conclusions of the SHLAA were revisited to consider whether the conclusions would change as a result of the local criteria.

⁵ Available at: https://www.google.co.uk/maps

⁶ Available at: https://earth.google.com/web/

Available at: http://magic.defra.gov.uk/magicmap.aspx

⁸ Available at: https://historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-list/map-search?clearresults=True

⁹ Available at: https://flood-map-for-planning.service.gov.uk/

Indicative Housing Capacity

2.13 This report includes a capacity analysis of each site on the basis of net housing densities/developable area; see Table 1 below. Policy SS2 sets out a target net density across the county of between 30 and 50 dwellings per hectare; the sites have therefore been assessed on the basis of 30 dwellings per hectare, given the rural nature of the NA.

Table 1 AECOM Net Housing Density

Area	Gross to net ratio standards	Net Housing Density
Up to 0.4 ha	90%	30
0.4 ha to 2 ha	80%	30
2 ha to 10 ha	75%	30
Over 10 ha	50%	30

- 2.14 If landowners/developers have identified a housing figure, this has been stated and used if appropriate.
- 2.15 Lower densities than suggested in this report may be appropriate to apply to the sites in the NDP due to the rural nature of the NA. It is recommended that number of houses allocated per site is consistent with the existing densities of the village's built up area (i.e. its settlement boundary) and appropriate for the context and setting, taking into account the site specific characteristic and constraints. The site capacity's, which are based on the gross to net ratios above, stated are for illustrative purposes only.

3. Site Assessment

Sites Considered through the Site Appraisal

- 3.1 The sites to be considered through this site appraisal have been identified through:
 - The call for sites exercise undertaken by SGGPC; and
 - A review of HC's SHLAA.
- 3.2 The sites identified are set out in the tables below.

Stretton Grandison Call for Sites

3.3 A call for sites exercise concluded in March 2018 and 12 sites were submitted, please see Table 2 below.

Table 2 Sites Identified in the Stretton Grandison Call for Sites

Reference	Site Name/Address	Gross Site Area (ha)	Indicative Housing Capacity	
Site 1	Land at Townsend Barns, Stretton Grandison	0.4	5	
Site 2	Land at The Hill Farm, Fromes Hill	1.6	38	
Site 3	Grain Store, Canon Frome	0.75	20	
Site 4	Land at The Bramleys, Castle Frome	0.27	7	
Site 5	Land at Vicarage Cottage, Canon Frome	0.1	3	
Site 6	Land at The Barn, Canon Frome	0.19	5	
Site 7	Rochester House, Canon Frome	0.68	5* (net gain of 4)	
			*Landowners information	
Site 8	Canon Frome Court, Canon Frome	16	8*	
		*Entire site, not area of site proposed for development	*Landowners information	
Site 9	Land east of Gospel Ash, Fromes Hill	0.76	20	
Site 10	Former Orchard area adjacent School Cottages, Stretton Grandison	0.21	6	
Site 11	Land east of A417 (south), Stretton	3.97**	90**	
	Grandison	**Landowner has shown the extent of ownership and AECOM has drawn a site boundar, for the purpose of this assessment		
Site 12	Land north of A4103, Eggleton	0.68**	16**	
		- 		

^{**}Landowner has shown the extent of ownership and AECOM has drawn a site boundary for the purpose of this assessment

Herefordshire SHLAA

3.4 The 2015 Herefordshire SHLAA considered one site in Stretton Grandison and concluded it had medium potential for allocation for residential development.

Table 3 Sites Identified in the SHLAA (2016) that were suitable, available and achievable

Reference	SHELAA Reference	Site Name	Yield (residential units)
Site 13	HLAA/241/001	Land south west of Wheatsheaf Public House, off A4103 Worcester Road	19



Figure 3. Location of Sites to be considered (please note that Site 12 is a number of small sites along a stretch of road)

Summary of the Site Assessment

- 3.5 The sites detailed in Table 2 and Table 3 have been assessed to consider whether they would be appropriate for allocation in the Stretton Grandison NDP.
- 3.6 Table 4 sets out a summary of the site assessments.
- 3.7 The final column is a 'traffic light' rating for each site, indicating whether or not the site is appropriate for allocation. Red indicates the site is not appropriate for allocation within the NDP. Green indicates the site is appropriate for allocation within the NDP without constraint. Amber indicates that the site is potentially suitable for allocation within the NDP subject to the mitigation of constraints.
- 3.8 All sites are considered to be available for development, as they were submitted through the Call for Sites or assessed as available in the SHLAA.
- 3.9 Table 4 should be read alongside the completed pro-formas presented in Appendix A.

Table 4. Site Assessment Summary Table

Site Ref.	Site Address	Site Source	Gross Site Area	Indicative Capacity	Site Type	Conclusions	Traffic Light Rating
Site 1	Land at Townsend Barns, Stretton Grandison	SGGPC Call for Sites	0.4	5	Greenfield	The site is located within Stretton Grandison where the HC Core Strategy notes that "proportionate housing is appropriate".	
						The site is currently used for agricultural purposes and has no planning history. The allocation of the site within the NDP would result in the loss of agricultural land.	
						A new access would be required from the A417 to the site but this is considered to be achievable. The site is some distance from the nearest bus stops and services and facilities.	
						There is limited potential for protected species given that the site is a working agricultural field.	
						The site is not particularly visible and is surrounded by structures, buildings and infrastructure. Therefore, the site is considered to be of low to medium landscape value.	
						The power lines at the west of the site may reduce the developable area of the site, and the overall site capacity.	
						There are listed buildings in close proximity to the site and any development would need to consider their impact on these heritage assets and their settings.	
Site 2	Land at The Hill Farm, Fromes Hill	SGGPC Call for Sites	1.6	38	Greenfield	The site is located close to Fromes Hill which is one of the settlements the HC Core Strategy states is the "main focus of growth".	
						The site is at the top of prominent ridgeline and its development would likely have a disproportionate landscape and visual impact.	
						However, the site is away from the existing settlement and its allocation would be contrary to Policies SS1, SS2, SS6, RA2 and RA3 of the HC Core Strategy which seek to protect the intrinsic character and beauty of	

Site Ref.	Site Address	Site Source	Gross Site Area	Indicative Capacity	Site Type	Conclusions	Traffic Light Rating
						the countryside.	
						For this reason the site has been discounted from any further assessment.	
Site 3	Grain Store, Canon Frome	SGGPC Call for Sites	0.75	20	Previously Developed Land	The site is located near Canon Frome where the HC Core Strategy notes that "proportionate housing is appropriate".	
						The site currently accommodates an agricultural building and is therefore, at least partially, previously developed land. Policy RA3 supports the sustainable reuse of redundant buildings in the countryside.	
						However, the use of the site for residential purposes is not considered to be sustainable as the site is remote from the existing settlement and its allocation would be contrary to Policies SS1, SS2, SS6 and RA2 of the HC Core Strategy which seek to direct development to sustainable locations.	
						For this reason the site has been discounted from any further assessment.	
Site 4	Land at The Bramleys, Castle Frome	SGGPC Call for Sites	0.27	7	Greenfield	The site is located near Castle Frome which is not explicitly mentioned in the HC Core Strategy as a potential suitable location for residential development.	
						In addition, the site is discreet from the existing settlement and its allocation would be contrary to Policies SS1, SS2, SS6, RA2 and RA3 of the HC Core Strategy which seek to protect the intrinsic character and beauty of the countryside.	
						For this reason the site has been discounted from any further assessment.	
Site 5	Land at Vicarage Cottage, Canon Frome	SGGPC Call for Sites	0.1	3	Greenfield	The site is located in Canon Frome where the HC Core Strategy notes that "proportionate housing is appropriate".	
						The site is currently used for domestic food growing activities and has no planning history, although see note in relation to planning history for Site 6	

Site Ref.	Site Address	Site Source	Gross Site Area	Indicative Capacity	Site Type	Conclusions	Traffic Light Rating
						below.	
						There is an access to the site from the highway which runs adjacent to the south boundary of the site. This would need to be upgraded to provide a suitable access for residential development.	
						There is some potential for protected species given the presence of hedgerows and vegetation at the boundaries and within the site.	
						The site is not widely visible, is adjacent to a dwelling and there are polytunnels to the north of site; the site is considered to be of low to moderate landscape value.	
						Given the rural nature of the NA and the need to plan for 18 dwellings this site is considered to be relatively sustainable.	
Site 6	Land at The Barn, Canon Frome	SGGPC Call for Sites	0.19	5	Greenfield	The site is located in Canon Frome where the HC Core Strategy notes that "proportionate housing is appropriate".	
						The site is currently used for grazing and in 2007 planning permission was refused for one residential dwelling because the site was outside of the settlement boundary in an unsustainable location. This decision was made pre-NPPF which requires each planning authority to plan to meet its own needs; this decision is therefore considered to be of negligible weight for the purpose of this assessment.	
						There is an access to the site from the highway which runs adjacent to the south boundary of the site. This would need to be upgraded to provide a suitable access for residential development.	
						There is some potential for protected species given the presence of hedgerows and vegetation at the boundaries and within the site.	
						The site is not widely visible, is adjacent to a dwelling and there are polytunnels to the north of site; the site is considered to be of low to moderate	

Site Ref.	Site Address	Site Source	Gross Site Area	Indicative Capacity	Site Type	Conclusions	Traffic Light Rating
						landscape value.	
						Given the rural nature of the NA and the need to plan for 18 dwellings this site is considered to be relatively sustainable.	
Site 7	Rochester House, Canon Frome	SGGPC Call for Sites	0.68	5 (net gain of 4)* *Landowners information	Previously Developed Land	The site is located close to Canon Frome where the HC Core Strategy notes that "proportionate housing is appropriate". The site currently accommodates a large detached house and outbuildings. The landowner has confirmed that the intention is to subdivide the existing dwelling into three units and erect two additional dwellings within the garden, resulting in a net increase in four units.	
						The site is away from the existing settlement and its allocation would be contrary to Policies SS1, SS2, SS6, RA2 and RA3 of the HC Core Strategy which seek to protect the intrinsic character and beauty of the countryside.	
						For this reason the site has been discounted from any further assessment.	
Site 8	Canon Frome Court, Canon Frome	SGGPC Call for Sites	16 *Entire site, not site	8* *Landowners information	Previously Developed Land	The site is located close to Canon Frome where the HC Core Strategy notes that "proportionate housing is appropriate".	
			propose for development		Lunu	The site is owned by a co-ownership housing association and it is their intention to create up to eight affordable housing units to be part of their community.	
						The site is a detached part of the existing settlement and its allocation would be contrary to Policies SS1, SS2, SS6, RA2 and RA3 of the HC Core Strategy which seek to protect the intrinsic character and beauty of the countryside. However, Policy H2 supports proposals for rural exception sites which could apply to this site.	
						There is an existing access to the site which appears to be acceptable.	
						There is some potential for protected species given the presence of	

Site Ref.	Site Address	Site Source	Gross Site Area	Indicative Capacity	Site Type	Conclusions	Traffic Light Rating
						hedgerows, vegetation and empty buildings within the site.	
						The site is considered to be of limited landscape value given the presence of the existing buildings and domestic structures within the site.	
						Canon Frome Court is a Grade II listed building; therefore any development will need to minimise impact on the setting of the listed building.	
Site 9	Land east of Gospel Ash, Fromes Hill	SGGPC Call for Sites	0.76	20	Mix of Previously Developed	The site is located close to Fromes Hill which is one of the settlements the HC Core Strategy states is the "main focus of growth".	
					Land and Greenfield	The site is currently used for domestic food growing activities and has no planning history.	
						The site does not have direct access to the A4103 which is south of the site and runs east-west. A suitable access would require the agreement of third party land owners as the site boundary does not reach the highway. In addition, the access would also be at a bend in the road on a steep gradient and there are some concerns about whether the required visibility splay could be achieved.	
						There is some potential for protected species given the presence of hedgerows and vegetation within the site.	
						The site is considered to be of limited landscape value given the presence of the existing buildings and domestic structures within the site. However, the site is also on the top of a prominent ridgeline so its development is likely to have disproportionate landscape and visual impact.	
						The site is remote from the settlement and is larger than other plots within the area; it is also set back from the highway, extending deeper than neighbouring plots and its development would be unlike the prevailing pattern of development in the area. This site is considered to be contrary to Policies SS1, SS2, SS6, RA2 and RA3 of the HC Core Strategy which seek to protect the intrinsic character and beauty of the countryside.	

Site Ref.	Site Address	Site Source	Gross Site Area	Indicative Capacity	Site Type	Conclusions	Traffic Light Rating
Site 10	Former Orchard area adjacent School Cottages, Stretton	SGGPC Call for Sites	0.21	6	Greenfield	The site is located in Stretton Grandison where the HC Core Strategy notes that "proportionate housing is appropriate".	
	Grandison					The site comprises an area of scrub with no relevant planning history.	
						There is no existing access to the site but there is potential for a suitable access to be provided to the site.	
						There is some potential for protected species given the presence of hedgerows and vegetation within the site.	
						The site is considered to be of limited landscape value given its location within an existing hamlet.	
						There are heritage assets in close proximity to the site, any future development would need to be sensitive to the surrounding heritage context.	
						Given the rural nature of the NA and the need to plan for 18 dwellings this site is considered to be relatively sustainable.	
Site 11	Land east of A417 (south), Stretton Grandison	SGGPC Call for Sites	3.97** **Landowner has shown the extent of	90** **Landowner has shown the extent of ownership and	Greenfield	The site is located in Stretton Grandison where the HC Core Strategy notes that "proportionate housing is appropriate". The site has the potential to accommodate the NDP's entire housing target.	
		owner and A has d site by for the purpo this	ownership and AECOM has drawn a	AECOM has drawn a site boundary for the	OM has n a site dary for the ose of this	The site is currently used for agricultural purposes and has no planning history. The allocation of the site within the NDP would result in the loss of agricultural land.	
			for the purpose of this	assessment		There is an informal access to the site at the northern boundary of the site There is potential for a suitable access to be provided to the site.	
			assessment			There is limited potential for protected species given that the site is a	

Site Ref.	Site Address	Site Source	Gross Site Area	Indicative Capacity	Site Type	Conclusions	Traffic Light Rating
						working agricultural field.	
						The site is open with wide and long views to and from the surrounding areas. The site is considered to be of medium to high sensitivity.	
						There are heritage assets in close proximity to the site, any future development would need to be sensitive to the surrounding heritage context.	
						Given the rural nature of the NA and the need to plan for 18 dwellings this site is considered to be relatively sustainable.	
Site 12	Eggleton Sites **Landowner has shown shown the extent of ownership ownership and AECOM drawn a site	**Landowner has	Greenfield	The sites are located on greenfield land within Eggleton which is one of the settlements the HC Core Strategy states is the "main focus of growth".			
		the ow an ha sit for pu thi	the extent of ownership and AECOM has drawn a site boundary for the purpose of this		The site(s) relate to parcels of agricultural land between existing residential development.		
						Each parcel would require its own new or upgraded access; whilst there is notential for suitable accesses the Highways Authority may have some concern about the number of individual accesses on to the road, particularly given the national speed limit of the road.	
						There is some potential for protected species given the presence of hedgerows at the boundary of the site. The central site package only is likely not suitable on the grounds that it is a Priory Habitat: Traditional Orchard.	
						The site is considered to be of limited landscape value given its location within ribbon residential development.	
						There are listed buildings to the south east and south west of the site; any development, in particular at the westernmost site package, would need to consider the relationship with the heritage assets.	

Site Ref.	Site Address	Site Source	Gross Site Area	Indicative Capacity	Site Type	Conclusions	Traffic Light Rating
						The individual parcels that front the A4103 are of a scale that is in keeping with the existing urban grain.	
Site 13	Land south west of Wheatsheaf Public House, off A4103 Worcester Road	HC's SHLAA (2015) Reference: HLAA/241/001	0.79	24	Greenfield	The site is located at Fromes Hill which is one of the settlements the HC Core Strategy states is the "main focus of growth". The site has the potential to accommodate the NDP's entire housing target.	
						The SHLAA concludes that the site has potential for development subject to acceptable access being achieved.	
						It should also be noted that the site is at the top of prominent ridgeline and its development could have a disproportionate landscape and visual impact particularly in relation to the southern half of the site; this could be mitigated through careful site layout and design.	
						There is also Grade II listed The Steppes to north west of the site, but any impacts on this heritage asset are likely to be limited given intervening development with appropriate mitigation through sensitive design.	

4. Conclusions

Summary of Site Appraisals

- 4.1 A number of sites were assessed to consider whether they would be appropriate for allocation in the Stretton Grandison NDP. These included sites that were submitted to SGGPC's call for sites exercise and sites within the NA included within HC's SHLAA.
- 4.2 Table 4 provides a summary of each site assessment pro-forma included in Appendix A, or sets out the reason why a site was discounted and a pro-forma not completed.
- 4.3 The final row of Table 4 is a 'traffic light' rating for each site, indicating whether the site is appropriate for allocation. Red indicates the site is not appropriate for allocation within the NDP. Green indicates the site is appropriate for allocation within the NDP with no or few constraints. Amber indicates that the site is potentially appropriate for allocation within the NDP subject to the mitigation of constraints.
- 4.4 All sites are considered to be available for development, as they were either submitted to SGGPC's call for sites exercise by landowners or were assessed as available in the SHLAA.
- 4.5 From the assessments that have been undertaken it is considered that SGGPC have a number of options in terms of the how the housing target of 18 homes could be distributed through the NA; one option is to allocate all of the housing on one site and the other is to distribute the growth amongst a number of sites. The advantages and disadvantages of each option are discussed below.

Concentrating Growth

- 4.6 The advantages of concentrating growth on one site relate primarily to planning gain including the provision of affordable housing; for example HC's Policy H1 of the adopted Core Strategy requires developments of 10 or more units (with a combined gross floor space of more than 1,000m²) to provide 40% affordable housing. If one site was allocated for 18 homes it would exceed this threshold and could deliver approximately seven affordable homes, subject to viability. There is also greater potential when concentrating growth in one larger site for the delivery of community benefits such as open space but these opportunities would depend on the specific site and scheme.
- 4.7 On the basis of the available information it is considered that there are two sites which could each individually accommodate the total housing requirement for the SGG NDP: Site 11 and Site 13.
- 4.8 Both Site 11 and Site 13 have been identified as green, with minor constraints that need further consideration or mitigation.
- 4.9 HC concluded that the site has potential for development subject to acceptable access being achieved. It is not clear whether HC have sought the opinion of the relevant highways officers with respect to the potential allocation of this site and any access constraints; SGGPC should seek this clarification. In terms of the scale of the site compared to the size of the settlement it is considered that Site 13 is the most

- proportionate and its development would have a lesser impact on the character of Fromes Hill.
- 4.10 In terms of Site 11 the biggest constraints for the site relate to landscape (the site is open with wide and long views to and from the surrounding areas; it is considered to be of medium to high sensitivity) and heritage (particularly the setting of the Church of St Lawrence (Grade I) and Church Cottage (Grade II). In addition, the potential scale of the site and quantum of development could be disproportionate in terms of urban grain compared to the existing pattern of development of Stretton Grandison; however, there is potential for this to be mitigated through sensitive and careful design which would also need to respond to the landscape and heritage sensitivities identified. It is advised that the Group seek the opinion of heritage and landscape officers at HC for their thoughts on the potential allocation of this site.

Dispersing Growth

- 4.11 Alternatively, the Group could decide to split their allocation across a number of smaller sites within the NA. The allocation of a number of smaller sites across the NA may reduce the visual impact and highways network impact because the scale of each allocation would be smaller and the impacts spread across a wider area. However, there would be less opportunity to capture planning gain through Section 106 Agreements on smaller sites where financial viability may be more of an issue.
- 4.12 On the basis of the available information it is considered that there are six sites which could in combination accommodate the total housing requirement for the SGG NDP: Site 1, Site 5, Site 6, Site 8, Site 10 and Site 12 with a total indicative capacity of 43 dwellings. Site 8 is discussed separately below.
- 4.13 All of the Sites highlighted in the previous paragraph have been identified as amber, with minor constraints that need further consideration or mitigation.
- 4.14 It is advised that further work is undertaken with the landowners of all of the Sites to accurately establish each Site's capacity; this is important to ensure that the Group allocate sites sufficient to meet their housing requirement of 18 dwellings as set out by HC. However, it is particularly relevant to Sites 1 (overhead powerlines are likely to reduce the Site's developable area) and 10 (the Site's boundary is not clear and following the site visit it is felt unlikely that the site could accommodate six units as has been calculated).
- 4.15 It is advised that the Group seek the opinion of highways officers at HC in relation to the ability to provide suitable accesses to all of the Sites. With reference to Site 12 the views of the highways officers at HC should be sought in relation to the number of new accesses that would need to be created along this relatively short stretch of road. If suitable access cannot be provided then the Site's traffic light rating would change to red.
- 4.16 Sites 1, 10 and 12 are also in close proximity to listed buildings, the Group should liaise with HC's conservation or heritage officer to seek their views on the potential allocation of the sites for housing.
- 4.17 There is planning history which relates to Site 6 and also to Site 5. As highlighted in the pro-formas and summary table this decision was made pre-NPPF and is considered to be of little relevance to the planning context today. However, it is advised

- that the Group speak with the planning officers at HC to check if they would support the allocation of these sites for housing in the current planning context.
- 4.18 It is considered that the most constrained sites of Site 1, Site 5, Site 6, Site 8, Site 10 and Site 12 is Site 12 due to potential access issues, proximity to heritage assets coupled with the fact that Lower Eggleton is not considered to be a particularly sustainable location for additional housing in comparison to other settlements within the NA, whilst acknowledging Policy RA2 of the Herefordshire Core Strategy.

Site 8

- 4.19 Site 8 relates to an existing community which is owned by a co-ownership housing association and it is their intention to create up to eight affordable housing units.
- 4.20 It is considered that the site does not represent an appropriate allocation for housing if this housing were to comprise typical market housing to be sold off. This is due to the Site's remote location in the countryside which is contrary to Policies SS1, SS2, SS6, RA2 and RA3 of the HC Core Strategy which seek to protect the intrinsic character and beauty of the countryside.
- 4.21 However, the landowners have stated an interest in providing affordable housing to be occupied in connection with their existing community.
- 4.22 Rural exception sites are defined in the NPPF (2018)¹⁰ as small sites used for affordable housing in perpetuity where sites would not normally be used for housing. Rural exception sites seek to address the needs of the local community by accommodating households who are either current residents or have an existing family or employment connection.
- 4.23 Site 8 could therefore potentially be considered a rural exception site. HC's Policy H2 supports proposals for affordable housing schemes in rural areas which would not normally be released for housing subject to three criteria.
- 4.24 With further work with the landowners the Group could allocate Site 8 as a rural exception site to support the delivery of affordable housing within the NA; this should be discussed with officers at HC.
- 4.25 If the Group decides to allocate Site 8 as rural exception site to deliver affordable housing this would help address the likely loss of affordable housing if the Group opted to allocate a number of small sites rather than a single larger site.

¹⁰ Available at:

Next Steps

- 4.26 The next step is for the Group to decide whether to concentrate the growth in one larger site or disperse the growth across a number of smaller sites, and if the latter is pursued to decide the combination of sites to meet the housing requirement of 18 homes. The previous section has outlined the additional work and information the Group should obtain to help inform this decision.
- 4.27 The site selection process should be based on the following:
 - The findings of this site assessment;
 - Discussions with HC;
 - The views and opinions of the local community:
 - The extent to which the sites support the vision and objectives for the NDP; and
 - The potential for the sites to meet identified infrastructure needs of the community.

Viability

4.28 As part of the site selection process, it is recommended that the Group discusses site viability with HC. Viability appraisals for individual sites may already exist. If not, it is possible to use the Council's existing viability evidence¹¹ to test the viability of sites proposed for allocation in the NDP. This can be done by 'matching' site typologies used in existing reports with sites proposed by the group, to give an indication of whether a site is viable for development and therefore likely to be delivered. In addition, any landowner or developer promoting a site for development should be contacted to request evidence of viability; this is likely to be particularly relevant to Site 8.

¹¹ Available at: https://www.herefordshire.gov.uk/directory-record/2080/economic viability assessment 2014

Appendix A Completed Site Appraisal Site

1.Site Assessment Proforma: Site 1

General information				
Site Reference / name	Site 1			
Site Address (or brief description of broad location)	Land at Townsend Barns, Stretton Grandison			
Current use	Agriculture			
Proposed use	Residential			
Gross area (Ha) Total area of the site in hectares	0.4			
SHLAA site reference (if applicable)	N/A			
Method of site identification (e.g. proposed by landowner etc.)	SGGPC – call for sites (2018)			
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Context

Is the site: Greenfield: land (farmland, or open space, that	Greenfield	Brownfield	Mixture	Unknown
has not previously been developed) Brownfield: Previously developed land which is or was occupied by a permanent structure, including the curtilage of the developed land and any associated infrastructure.	✓			
Site planning history Have there been any previous applications for development on this land? What was the outcome?	None.			

2. Suitability

Suitability

Suitability	
Is the current access adequate for the proposed development? If not, is there potential for access to be provided?	Access to the field is currently taken via the west boundary from a track that runs adjacent to, but outside of, the west boundary of the site. There is no existing access directly from the A417. A suitable access could be created directly from the A417 at the northern boundary of the site (across what is assumed is highways land) and at this point the A417 has a speed limit of 30mph.
Is the site accessible?	The site is 1.6km from bus stops with services to Worcester, Bromyard and Ledbury. There are no footways or street lights between the site and the bus stops. The nearest train station is Ledbury approximately 7 miles from the site.

Environmental Considerations

Questions	Assessment guidelines	Observations and comments		
Is the site within or adjacent to the following policy or environmental designations: Green Belt Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) National Park European nature site SSSI Impact Risk Zone Site of Importance for Nature Conservation Site of Geological Importance Flood Zones 2 or 3	SSSI Impact Risk Zone	Site is approximately 4km west of Birchend SSSI, 4.8km northeast of Perton Roadside Section and Quarry SSSI and 8.2km from Lugg and Hampton Meadows SSSI. As such, it is not considered to have a significant impact on them.		
Ecological value? Could the site be home to protected species such as bats, great crested newts, badgers etc.?	Limited potential value	The site appears to be a working agriculture field. But there is some potential for protected species given the presence of a barn and hedgerows. A Habitat Phase 1 Survey would still be recommended for any planning applications as the site is greenfield.		
Landscape Is the site low, medium or high sensitivity in terms of landscape? Low sensitivity: site not visible or less visible, existing landscape is poor quality, existing features could be retained Medium sensitivity: Site has only moderate impact on landscape	Medium sensitivity to development	The site is located within the Riverside Meadows Landscape Character Area of the Landscape character assessment for Herefordshire (2004, update 2009), which concludes that "The overall strategy for Principal Settled Farmlands would be to conserve and enhance the unity of small to medium scale hedged fields. Opportunities for new tree planting should be concentrated along watercourses where the linear tree cover pattern could be strengthened New development should remain at a low density with most housing associated with existing hamlets and villages."		

character (e.g. in built up area); High sensitivity: Development would significantly detract from the landscape and important features unlikely to be retained- mitigation not possible		The site is not particularly visible and is surrounded by structures (i.e. the steel agricultural barn to the south), buildings (i.e. dwellings east and west) and infrastructure (i.e. power lines running north south at the west of the site). Therefore, the site is considered to be of low/medium sensitivity to development.
Agricultural Land Loss of high quality agricultural land (Grades 1,2 or 3a)	Loss of Grade 2 agricultural land	Contains Grade 2 Very Good Agricultural Land.

Heritage considerations

Question	Assessment guidelines	Comments
Is the site within or adjacent to one or more of the following heritage designations or assets? • Conservation area • Scheduled monument • Registered Park and Garden • Registered Battlefield • Listed building • Known archaeology • Locally listed building	Proximity to Grade Il listed buildings	There are Grade II listed buildings to the east and west of the site. Any development would need to consider relationship with heritage assets.

Community facilities and services

Is the site, in general terms, close/accessible to local amenities such as (but not limited to):

- Town centre/local centre/shop **Employment location**
- **Public transport** School(s)
- Open space/recreation/ leisure facilities
- **Health facilities**
- Cycle route(s)

Where a site is poorly located if > 800m, moderately located if 400m to 800m, and favourably located if < 400m from services.

The site is poorly located with respect

to the nearest settlements of Ledbury

and Hereford. There is a nursery and church in close proximity to the site.

Other key considerations

Are there any Tree Preservation Orders on the site?	None	
What impact would development have on the site's habitats and biodiversity?	Limited	Limited as the site consists of actively farmed agricultural land.

Poorly located

Public Right of Way	None					
Existing social or community value (provide details)	None					
Is the site likely to be affected by any of the following?	Yes	No			Comments	
Ground Contamination		✓		e site is unli ntamination	ikely to be at risk of ground	
Significant infrastructure crossing the site i.e. power lines/ pipe lines, or in close proximity to hazardous installations	✓		There are power lines running north -south along the west side of the site.			
Characteristics						
Characteristics which may affect deve	elopmen	t on the site:			Comments	
Topography: Flat/ plateau/ steep gradient			Flat			
Coalescence: Development would result in neighbouring towns merging into one another.				No		
Scale and nature of development would be large enough to significantly change size and character of settlement			The site is comparable to other plots within the vicinity but these have been built out at a low density.			
3. Availability Assessing the suitability of the site will give an indication of whether the site has any constraints to development. It should consider aspects such as infrastructure, planning policy, local services, heritage and other considerations.						
Availability						
		Yes		No	Comments	
Is the site available for sale or develo (if known)? Please provide supporting evidence.	pment	✓			Site submitted to call for sites exercise by landowner.	
Are there any known legal or ownersh problems such as unresolved multipl ownerships, ransom strips, tenancies operational requirements of landownerships.	e s, or			✓		
Is there a known time frame for availa 0-5 /6-10 / 11-15 years.	ability?	✓			0-5 years.	
Any other comments?						

4. Summary

Assessing the suitability of the site will give an indication of whether the site has any constraints to development. It should consider aspects such as infrastructure, planning policy, local services, heritage and other considerations.

Conclusions			
The site is appropriate for allocation			
This site has minor constraints	✓		
The site has significant constraints			
The site is unsuitable for allocation			
Potential housing development capacity:	5 (based on 30dph)		
Key evidence (3-4 bullet points) for decision to accept or discount site.	The site is currently used for agricultule has no planning history. The allocation the NDP would result in the loss of agriculture.	n of the site within	
	A new access would be required from site but this is considered to be achie some distance from the nearest bus s settlements which provide a range of facilities. There are no footways or structure vicinity of the site.	vable. The site is stops and larger services and	
	There is limited potential for protected that the site is a working agricultural f		
	The site is not particularly visible and structures, buildings and infrastructur site is considered to be of low to med value.	e. Therefore, the	
	The power lines at the west of the site developable area of the site, and the capacity.		
	There are listed buildings in close pro and any development would need to impact on these heritage assets and	consider their	

1. Site Assessment Proforma: Site 5

General information	
Site Reference / name	Site 5
Site Address (or brief description of broad location)	Land at Vicarage Cottage, Canon Frome
Current use	Scrubby land associated with a residential dwelling.
Proposed use	Residential
Gross area (Ha) Total area of the site in hectares	0.1
SHLAA site reference (if applicable)	N/A
Method of site identification (e.g. proposed by landowner etc.)	SGGPC – call for sites (2018)



Context

Is the site: Greenfield: land (farmland, or open space, that has not previously been developed)	Greenfield	Previously developed land	Mixture	Unknown
Brownfield: Previously developed land which is or was occupied by a permanent structure, including the curtilage of the developed land and any associated infrastructure.	✓	(Brownfield)		
Site planning history Have there been any previous applications for development on this land? What was the outcome?	None.			

2. Suitability

Suitability	
Is the current access adequate for the proposed development? If not, is there potential for access to be provided?	There is an access to the site from the highway which runs adjacent to the south boundary of the site. This would need to be upgraded to provide a suitable access for residential development.
Is the site accessible?	The site is approximately 160 metres from bus stops at the junction with Millfield which provides an infrequent service to Ledbury.
	There are no footways or street lighting on the roads surrounding the site.
	The nearest train station is Ledbury which is approximately 7 miles from the site.

Environmental Considerations

Questions	Assessment guidelines	Observations and comments
Is the site within or adjacent to the following policy or environmental designations: • Green Belt • Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) • National Park • European nature site • SSSI Impact Risk Zone • Site of Importance for Nature Conservation • Site of Geological Importance • Flood Zones 2 or 3	SSSI Impact Risk Zone	Site is approximately 2.4km southwest of Birchend SSSI and 4.4km north of Mains Wood SSSI. As such, it is not considered to have a significant impact on them.
Ecological value? Could the site be home to protected species such as bats, great crested newts, badgers etc.?	Some potential value	There is some potential for protected species given the presence of hedgerows and vegetation at the boundaries and within the site. A Habitat Phase 1 Survey would be recommended for any planning applications.
Landscape Is the site low, medium or high sensitivity in terms of landscape? Low sensitivity: site not visible or less visible, existing landscape is poor quality, existing features could be retained Medium sensitivity: Site has only moderate impact on landscape	Low sensitivity to development	The site is within the Plateau Estate Farmlands Landscape Character Area of the Landscape character assessment for Herefordshire (2004, update 2009), which concludes that "The overall strategy for these landscapes should be to conserve, restore and enhance the distinctive estate characteristics." The site is not widely visible, is adjacent to a dwelling and there are poly-tunnels to the north of site; the site is considered to be of moderate to low landscape

character (e.g. in built up area);		value.
High sensitivity: Development would significantly detract from the landscape and important features unlikely to be retained- mitigation not possible		
Agricultural Land Loss of high quality agricultural land (Grades 1,2 or 3a)	No agricultural land	The site is not agricultural land.

Question	Assessment guidelines	Comments
Is the site within or adjacent to one or more of the following heritage designations or assets? Conservation area Scheduled monument Registered Park and Garden Registered Battlefield Listed building Known archaeology Locally listed building	Unlikely to have in impact on heritage assets.	The closest listed building is 340 metres from the site.
Community facilities and services		
Is the site, in general terms, close/accessible to		The site is poorly located with

Poorly located

Is the site, in general terms, close/accessible to local amenities such as (but not limited to):

Town centre/local centre/shop
 Employment location
 Public transport

• School(s)

Open space/recreation/ leisure facilities
 Health facilities

• Cycle route(s)

Where a site is poorly located if > 800m, moderately located if 400m to 800m, and favourably located if < 400m from services.

The site is poorly located with respect to nearest settlements of Ledbury and Hereford.

There are very few amenities close to the site.

Are there any Tree Preservation Orders on the site?	None	
What impact would development have on the site's habitats and biodiversity?	Limited	The development of the site would have some impact on the site's habitats and biodiversity.
Public Right of Way	None	
Existing social or community value	None	

exercise by landowner

0-5 years

Is the site likely to be affected by any of the following?	Yes	No			Comments
Ground Contamination		~		e site is unli	kely to be at risk of ground
Significant infrastructure crossing the site i.e. power lines/ pipe lines, or in close proximity to hazardous installations	✓				phone line running along the dary of the site.
Characteristics					
Characteristics which may affect development on the site: Comments					
Topography: Flat Flat/ plateau/ steep gradient					
Coalescence: Development would result in neighbouring towns merging into one another.					
Scale and nature of development would be large enough to significantly change size and character of settlement The site is remote from the settlement but is of a scale that is comparable the existing urban grain.				a scale that is comparable to	
3. Availability					
Assessing the suitability of the site will give an indication of whether the site has any constraints to development. It should consider aspects such as infrastructure, planning policy, local services, heritage and other considerations.					
Availability					
		Yes		No	Comments
Is the site available for sale or develo	pment		[Site submitted to call for sites

Prepared for: Stretton Grandison Group Parish Council

Please provide supporting evidence.

Are there any known legal or ownership problems such as unresolved multiple ownerships, ransom strips, tenancies, or operational requirements of landowners?

Is there a known time frame for availability?

(if known)?

0-5 /6-10 / 11-15 years.

Summary

Conclusions				
The site is appropriate for allocation				
This site has minor constraints		✓		
The site has significant constraints				
The site is unsuitable for allocation				
Potential housing development capacity:	3 (based on 30dph, 90% net develop	able area)		
Key evidence (3-4 bullet points) for decision to accept or discount site.	The site is currently used for domesti activities and has no planning history note in relation to planning history for There is an access to the site from the runs adjacent to the south boundary would need to be upgraded to provide access for residential development. The site is some distance from the lawhich provide a range of services and although it is close to bus stops proviservice to them. There are no footward lighting in the vicinity of the site. There is some potential for protected presence of hedgerows and vegetation boundaries and within the site. The site is not widely visible, is adjact and there are poly-tunnels to the nort is considered to be of low to moderativalue.	a, although see The Site 6 below. The highway which of the site. This is a suitable of site of site; the site of site of site; the site of site o		

General information	
Site Reference / name	Site 6
Site Address (or brief description of broad location)	Land at The Barn, Canon Frome
Current use	Appears to be a paddock or maintained field with a domestic character.
Proposed use	Residential
Gross area (Ha) Total area of the site in hectares	0.19
SHLAA site reference (if applicable)	N/A
Method of site identification (e.g. proposed by landowner etc.)	SGGPC – call for sites (2018)



Context

Comext				
Is the site: Greenfield: land (farmland, or open space, that has not previously been developed) Brownfield: Previously developed land which is or was occupied by a permanent structure, including the curtilage of the developed land and any associated infrastructure.	Greenfield ✓	Previously developed land (Brownfield)	Mixture	Unknown
Site planning history Have there been any previous applications for development on this land? What was the outcome?	Planning permission (DCN071874/F) was refused by Herefordshire Council on 14 August 2007 because the site was outside of the settlement boundary in an unsustainable location			se the site was

2. Suitability

Suitability	
Is the current access adequate for the proposed development? If not, is there potential for access to be provided?	There is an access to the site from the highway which runs adjacent to the southern boundary of the site. This would need to be upgraded to provide a suitable access for residential development.
Is the site accessible?	The site is approximately 160 metres from bus stops at the junction with Millfield which provides an infrequent service to Ledbury.
	There are no footways or street lighting on the roads surrounding the site.
	The nearest train station is Ledbury which is approximately 7 miles from the site.

Questions	Assessment guidelines	Observations and comments
Is the site within or adjacent to the following policy or environmental designations: • Green Belt • Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) • National Park • European nature site • SSSI Impact Risk Zone • Site of Importance for Nature Conservation • Site of Geological Importance • Flood Zones 2 or 3	SSSI Impact Risk Zone	Site is approximately 2.5km southwest of Birchend SSSI and 4.4km north of Mains Wood SSSI. As such, it is not considered to have a significant impact on them.
Ecological value? Could the site be home to protected species such as bats, great crested newts, badgers etc.?	Some potential value	There is some potential for protected species given the presence of hedgerows and vegetation at the boundaries of the site. A Habitat Phase 1 Survey would be recommended for any planning applications.
Landscape Is the site low, medium or high sensitivity in terms of landscape? Low sensitivity: site not visible or less visible, existing landscape is poor quality, existing features could be retained Medium sensitivity: Site has only moderate impact on landscape	Low sensitivity to development	The site is within the Plateau Estate Farmlands Landscape Character Area of the Landscape character assessment for Herefordshire (2004, update 2009), which concludes that "The overall strategy for these landscapes should be to conserve, restore and enhance the distinctive estate characteristics." The site is not widely visible and is located between residential development; the site is considered to be of moderate to low landscape value.

character (e.g. in built up area);		
High sensitivity: Development would significantly detract from the landscape and important features unlikely to be retained- mitigation not possible		
Agricultural Land Loss of high quality agricultural land (Grades 1,2 or 3a)	No agricultural land	The site is not agricultural land.

Questions	Assessment guidelines	Comments
Is the site within or adjacent to one or more of the following heritage designations or assets? • Conservation area • Scheduled monument • Registered Park and Garden • Registered Battlefield • Listed building • Known archaeology • Locally listed building	Unlikely to have in impact on heritage assets.	The closest listed building is 330 metres from the site.
Community facilities and services		
Is the site, in general terms, close/accessible to local amenities such as (but not limited to): Town centre/local centre/shop Employment location Public transport School(s) Open space/recreation/ leisure facilities Health facilities Cycle route(s) Where a site is poorly located if > 800m, moderately	Poorly located	The site is poorly located with respect to nearest settlements of Ledbury and Hereford. There are very few amenities close to the site.
located if 400m to 800m, and favourably located if < 400m from services.		

Are there any Tree Preservation Orders on the site?	None	
What impact would development have on the site's habitats and biodiversity?	Limited	The development of the site would impact the site's habitats and biodiversity.
Public Right of Way	None	

Existing social or community value (provide details)	None			
Is the site likely to be affected by any of the following?	Yes	No		Comments
Ground Contamination		✓		e site is unlikely to be at risk of ground ntamination.
Significant infrastructure crossing the site i.e. power lines/ pipe lines, or in close proximity to hazardous installations	~			ere are power cables running along the uthern boundary of the site.
Characteristics				
Characteristics which may affect deve	elopment o	on the site:		Comments
Topography: Flat/ plateau/ steep gradient				Flat
Coalescence: Development would result in neighbouring towns merging into one another.			S	No
Scale and nature of development would be large enough to significantly change size and character of settlement				The site is of a scale that is comparable to the existing urban grain.

3. Availability

Availability				
	Yes	No	Comments	
Is the site available for sale or development (if known)? Please provide supporting evidence.	✓		Site submitted to call for sites exercise by landowner	
Are there any known legal or ownership problems such as unresolved multiple ownerships, ransom strips, tenancies, or operational requirements of landowners?		✓		
Is there a known time frame for availability? 0-5 /6-10 / 11-15 years.	✓		0-5 years	
Any other comments?				

4.Summary

Conclusions				
The site is appropriate for allocation				
This site has minor constraints		✓		
The site has significant constraints				
The site is unsuitable for allocation				
Potential housing development capacity:	6 (based on 30dph, 90% net develop	able area)		
Key evidence (3-4 bullet points) for decision to accept or discount site.	The site is currently used for grazing planning permission was refused for dwelling because the site was outside boundary in an unsustainable location was made pre-NPPF which requires authority to plan to meet its own need therefore considered to be of negligible purpose of this assessment.	one residential e of the settlement n. This decision each planning ds; this decision is		
	There is an access to the site from the runs adjacent to the south boundary would need to be upgraded to provide access for residential development. It distance from the larger settlements or range of services and facilities, althout bus stops providing an infrequent set. There are no footways or street lighting the site.	of the site. This e a suitable The site is some which provide a ugh it is close to vice to them.		
	There is some potential for protected presence of hedgerows and vegetation boundaries and within the site.			
	The site is not widely visible, is adjate and there are poly-tunnels to the not is considered to be of low to movalue.	rth of site; the site		

General information		
Site Reference / name	Site 8	
Site Address (or brief description of broad location)	Canon Frome Court, Canon Frome	
Current use	Housing co-operative and associated grounds	
Proposed use	Residential (affordable housing)	
Gross area (Ha) Total area of the site in hectares	0.30	
SHLAA site reference (if applicable)	N/A	
Method of site identification (e.g. proposed by landowner etc)	SGGPC – call for sites (2018)	



Context

Is the site: Greenfield: land (farmland, or open space, that has not previously been developed) Brownfield: Previously developed land which is or was occupied by a permanent structure, including the curtilage of the developed land and any associated infrastructure.	Greenfield	Previously developed land (Brownfield)	Mixture	Unknown
Site planning history Have there been any previous applications for development on this land? What was the outcome?	No relevant plan	ning history.		

2. Suitability

Suitability	
Is the current access adequate for the proposed development? If not, is there potential for access to be provided?	There is access to the site from the highway. It would potentially need to be upgraded to provide suitable access for additional residential development.
Is the site accessible?	The site is approximately 890 metres from bus stops at the junction with the A417 which provides an infrequent service to Ledbury.
	There are no footways or street lighting on the roads surrounding the site.
	The nearest train station is Ledbury which is approximately 6 miles from the site.

Environmental Considerations				
Questions	Assessment guidelines	Observations and comments		
Is the site within or adjacent to the following policy or environmental designations:		Site is approximately 2.5km southwest of Birchend SSSI. As such, it is not considered to have a significant impact on it.		
 Green Belt Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) National Park European nature site SSSI Impact Risk Zone Site of Importance for Nature Conservation Site of Geological Importance Flood Zones 2 or 3 	SSSI Impact Risk Zone			
Ecological value? Could the site be home to protected species such as bats, great crested newts, badgers etc.?	Some potential value	There is some potential for protected species given the presence of hedgerows, vegetation and empty buildings within the site. A Habitat Phase 1 Survey would be recommended for any planning applications.		
Landscape Is the site low, medium or high sensitivity in terms of landscape? Low sensitivity: site not visible or less visible, existing landscape is poor quality, existing features could be retained Medium sensitivity: Site has only moderate impact on landscape character	Low landscape value	The site is within the Plateau Estate Farmlands Landscape Character Area of the Landscape character assessment for Herefordshire (2004, update 2009), which concludes that "The overall strategy for these landscapes should be to conserve, restore and enhance the distinctive estate characteristics." The site is considered to be of limited landscape value given the presence of the existing buildings and domestic structures within the site.		

(e.g. in built up area).		
Agricultural Land Loss of high quality agricultural land (Grades 1,2 or 3a)	No agricultural land	The identified locations for housing are not agricultural land.

Question	Assessment guidelines	Comments
Is the site within or adjacent to one or more of the following heritage designations or assets? Conservation area Scheduled monument Registered Park and Garden Registered Battlefield Listed building Known archaeology Locally listed building	Likely to have in impact on heritage assets, mitigation possible.	Canon Frome Court is a Grade II listed building and the potential locations for housing are therefore within the grounds/curtilage of Canon Frome Court. Roman fort and outworks 550yds (500m) SW of Canon Frome Court is scheduled under the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979 (as amended) and is located close to, but outside of, the site.

Community facilities and services

Is the site, in general terms, close/accessible to local amenities such as (but not limited to): Town centre/local centre/shop Employment location Public transport School(s) Open space/recreation/ leisure facilities Health facilities Cycle route(s)	Poorly located	The site is poorly located with respect to the nearest settlements of Ledbury and Hereford. Although it is acknowledged that the site is currently a co-operative housing community. There are very few amenities close to the site.
Where a site is poorly located if > 800m, moderately located if 400m to 800m, and favourably located if < 400m from services.		

Are there any Tree Preservation Orders on the site?	None	
What impact would development have on the site's habitats and biodiversity?	Limited	The development of the site would impact the site's habitats and biodiversity.
Public Right of Way	None	There are a number of public rights of way within the vicinity of the site.
Existing social or community value (provide details)	Some	It is acknowledged that the site is part of a co-operative housing community which provides some social and community value.

Is the site likely to be affected by any of the following?	Yes	No			Comments
Ground Contamination		~		e site is unli	kely to be at risk of ground
Significant infrastructure crossing the site i.e. power lines/ pipe lines, or in close proximity to hazardous installations		~			
Characteristics					
Characteristics which may affect deve	elopment	t on the site:			Comments
Topography: Flat/ plateau/ steep gradient					Flat
Coalescence: Development would result in neighbouring towns merging into one another.				No	
Scale and nature of development wou significantly change size and character					posals are of a scale that is arable to the existing site.
3. Availability					
Assessing the suitability of the site will g It should consider aspects such as infras considerations.					-
Availability					
		Yes		No	Comments
Is the site available for sale or developing the site available for sale or developing the sale of the sale o	pment	✓			Site submitted to call for sites exercise by landowner
Are there any known legal or ownersh problems such as unresolved multiple ownerships, ransom strips, tenancies operational requirements of landowne	e s, or			✓	
Is there a known time frame for availa 0-5 /6-10 / 11-15 years.	bility?	<	[0-5 years, 6-10 years

Any other comments?

4. Summary

Conclusions				
The site is appropriate for allocation				
This site has minor constraints		✓		
The site has significant constraints				
The site is unsuitable for allocation				
Potential housing development capacity:	8 (based on landowners information)			
Key evidence (3-4 bullet points) for decision to accept or discount site.	The site is discreet from the existing a allocation for typical market housing to Policies SS1, SS2, SS6, RA2 and Core Strategy which seek to protect the character and beauty of the countryst Policy H2 supports proposals for rural which could apply to this site. There is an existing access to the site be acceptable. The site is some distance from the lawhich provide a range of services and although it is close to bus stops proviservice to them. There are no footway lighting in the vicinity of the site. There is some potential for protected presence of hedgerows, vegetation a buildings within the site. The site is considered to be of limited given the presence of the existing buildings tructures within the site. Canon Frome Court is a Grade therefore any development is likely on the setting of the listed building.	would be contrary RA3 of the HC he intrinsic de. However, I exception sites which appears to rger settlements d facilities, ding an infrequent ys or street species given the nd empty I landscape value Idings and	y to to e	

General information	
Site Reference / name	Site 10
Site Address (or brief description of broad location)	Land east of A417 (north), Stretton Grandison (Former Orchard area adjacent School Cottages, Stretton Grandison)
Current use	Scrubland
Proposed use	Residential
Gross area (Ha) Total area of the site in hectares	0.21
SHLAA site reference (if applicable)	N/A
Method of site identification (e.g. proposed by landowner etc)	SGGPC – call for sites (2018)



Context

Is the site: Greenfield: land (farmland, or open space, that has not previously been developed)	Greenfield	Previously developed land	Mixture	Unknown
Brownfield: Previously developed land which is or was occupied by a permanent structure, including the curtilage of the developed land and any associated infrastructure.	✓	(Brownfield)		
Site planning history Have there been any previous applications for development on this land? What was the outcome?	No relevant planning history			

2.Suitability

Suitability	
Is the current access adequate for the proposed development? If not, is there potential for access to be provided?	There is potential for suitable access to be provided to the site.
Is the site accessible?	The site is close to bus stops on the A417 in Stretton Grandison which provide an infrequent service to Ledbury.
	There are no footways or street lighting in the vicinity of the site.
	The nearest train station is Ledbury which is approximately 7 miles from the site.

Questions	Assessment guidelines	Observations and comments
Is the site within or adjacent to the following policy or environmental designations:		Site is approximately 5km northeast of Perton Roadside Section and Quarry SSSI. As such, it is not considered to have a significant impact on them.
 Green Belt Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) National Park European nature site SSSI Impact Risk Zone Site of Importance for Nature Conservation Site of Geological Importance Flood Zones 2 or 3 	SSSI Impact Risk Zone	
Ecological value? Could the site be home to protected species such as bats, great crested newts, badgers etc.?	Some potential value	There is some potential for protected species given the presence of hedgerows and vegetation within the site. A Habitat Phase 1 Survey would be recommended for any planning applications.
Landscape Is the site low, medium or high sensitivity in terms of landscape? Low sensitivity: site not visible or less visible, existing landscape is poor quality, existing features could be retained Medium sensitivity: Site has only moderate impact on landscape character (e.g. in built up area);	Low landscape value	The site is within the Principal Settled Farmlands Landscape Character Area of the Landscape character assessment for Herefordshire (2004, update 2009), which concludes that "The overall strategy for Principal Settled Farmlands would be to conserve and enhance the unity of small to medium scale hedged fields New development should remain at a low density with most housing associated with existing hamlets and villages." The site is considered to be of limited landscape value given its location within an existing hamlet.

High sensitivity: Development would significantly detract from the landscape and important features unlikely to be retained- mitigation not possible		
Agricultural Land Loss of high quality agricultural land (Grades 1,2 or 3a)	No agricultural land	The site is not agricultural land.

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Assessment guidelines	Comments
Likely to have an impact on heritage assets, mitigation possible.	Stretton Court is a Grade II listed building located 30m north of the site. The Church of St Lawrence is Grade I listed and is located 60m northeast of the site. Church Cottage, Grade II listed, is also to the northeast of the site (30m). Any development would need to consider the relationship with the heritage assets.
	The site is poorly located with respect to the nearest settlements of Ledbury and Hereford.
Poorly located	There is a nursery and church in close proximity to the site.
	Likely to have an impact on heritage assets, mitigation possible.

Are there any Tree Preservation Orders on the site?	None	
What impact would development have on the site's habitats and biodiversity?	Limited	The development of the site would have some impact on the site's habitats and biodiversity.
Public Right of Way	None	There footpaths within the vicinity of the site.

Existing social or community value (provide details)	None					
Is the site likely to be affected by any of the following?	Yes	No			Comments	
Ground Contamination		✓				
Significant infrastructure crossing the site i.e. power lines/ pipe lines, or in close proximity to hazardous installations		✓				
Characteristics						
Characteristics which may affect dev	elopmen	t on the site:			Comments	
Topography: Flat/ plateau/ steep gradient				Flat		
Coalescence: Development would result in neighbouring towns merging into one another.			/ns	No		
Scale and nature of development would be large enough to significantly change size and character of settlement				The site is within Stretton Grandison and is of a similar scale to other plots within the locality		
	Assessing the suitability of the site will give an indication of whether the site has any constraints to development. It should consider aspects such as infrastructure, planning policy, local services, heritage and other					
Availability						
		Yes		No	Comments	
Is the site available for sale or development (if known)? Please provide supporting evidence.		✓			Site submitted to call for sites exercise by landowner	
Are there any known legal or ownership problems such as unresolved multiple ownerships, ransom strips, tenancies, or operational requirements of landowners?			✓			
Is there a known time frame for availa 0-5 /6-10 / 11-15 years.	ability?	✓	[0-5 years	
Any other comments?						

4. Summary

Conclusions		
The site is appropriate for allocation		
This site has minor constraints		✓
The site has significant constraints		
The site is unsuitable for allocation		
Potential housing development capacity:	6 (based on 30dph, 90% net develop	able area)
Key evidence (3-4 bullet points) for decision to accept or discount site.	There is no existing access to the site potential for a suitable access to be posite. The site is some distance from the lawhich provide a range of services an although it is close to bus stops proviservice to them. There is a footway blighting in the vicinity of the site. There or street lighting in the vicinity of the site. There is some potential for protected presence of hedgerows and vegetation. The site is considered to be of limited given its location within an existing has the surrounding heritage context.	rger settlements d facilities, ding an infrequent ut not street e are no footways site. species given the on within the site. d landscape value amlet. oximity to the site,

General information	
Site Reference / name	Site 11
Site Address (or brief description of broad location)	Land east of A417 (south), Stretton Grandison
Current use	Agriculture
Proposed use	Residential
Gross area (Ha) Total area of the site in hectares	3.97 (landowner has shown the extent of ownership, and AECOM has drawn a site boundary for the purpose of this assessment)
SHLAA site reference (if applicable)	N/A
Method of site identification (e.g. proposed by landowner etc)	SGGPC – call for sites (2018)



Context

Is the site: Greenfield: land (farmland, or open space, that has not previously been developed) Brownfield: Previously developed land which is or was occupied by a permanent structure, including the curtilage of the developed land and any associated infrastructure.	Greenfield ✓	Previously developed land (Brownfield)	Mixture	Unknown
Site planning history Have there been any previous applications for development on this land? What was the outcome?	No relevant planr	ning history		

2. Suitability

Suitability	
Is the current access adequate for the proposed development? If not, is there potential for access to be provided?	There is an informal access to the site at the northern boundary of the site. There is potential for a suitable access to be provided to the site.
Is the site accessible?	The site is close to bus stops on the A417 in Stretton Grandison which provide an infrequent service to Ledbury.
	There are no footways or street lighting in the vicinity of the site.
	The nearest train station is Ledbury which is approximately 7 miles from the site.

Environmental Considerations		
Questions	Assessment guidelines	Observations and comments
Is the site within or adjacent to the following policy or environmental designations: Green Belt Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) National Park European nature site SSSI Impact Risk Zone Site of Importance for Nature Conservation Site of Geological Importance Flood Zones 2 or 3	SSSI Impact Risk Zone	Site is approximately 3.5km west of Birchend SSSI and 5km northeast of Perton Roadside Section and Quarry SSSI. As such, it is not considered to have a significant impact on them.
Ecological value? Could the site be home to protected species such as bats, great crested newts, badgers etc.?	Some potential value	There is some potential for protected species given the presence of hedgerows at the boundary of the site. A Habitat Phase 1 Survey would be recommended for any planning applications.
Landscape Is the site low, medium or high sensitivity in terms of landscape? Low sensitivity: site not visible or less visible, existing landscape is poor quality, existing features could be retained Medium sensitivity: Site has only moderate impact on landscape character (e.g. in built up area); High sensitivity: Development would significantly detract from the		The site is within the Principal Settled Farmlands Landscape Character Area of the Landscape character assessment for Herefordshire (2004, update 2009), which concludes that "The overall strategy for Principal Settled Farmlands would be to conserve and enhance the unity of small to medium scale hedged fields New development should remain at a low density with most housing associated with existing hamlets and villages." The site is open with wide and long views to and from the surrounding areas. The site is considered to be of medium to high sensitivity.

landscape and important features unlikely to be retained- mitigation not possible		
Agricultural Land Loss of high quality agricultural land (Grades 1,2 or 3a)	Some loss of agricultural land	The site is Grade 2/3 agricultural land (very good/good).

Question	Assessment guidelines	Comments
Is the site within or adjacent to one or more of the following heritage designations or assets? Conservation area Scheduled monument Registered Park and Garden Registered Battlefield Listed building Known archaeology Locally listed building	Likely to have an impact on heritage assets, mitigation possible.	Stretton Court is a Grade II listed building located 50m north of the site. The Church of St Lawrence is Grade I listed and is located 80m north of the site. Church Cottage, Grade II listed, is also to the northeast of the site (75m). Any development would need to consider the relationship with the heritage assets.

Community facilities and services

Is the site, in general terms, close/accessible to local amenities such as (but not limited to): Town centre/local centre/shop Employment location Public transport School(s) Open space/recreation/ leisure facilities Health facilities Cycle route(s)	Poorly located	The site is poorly located with respect to nearest settlements of Ledbury and Hereford. There is a nursery and church in close proximity to the site.
Where a site is poorly located if > 800m, moderately located if 400m to 800m, and favourably located if < 400m from services.		

Are there any Tree Preservation Orders on the site?	None		
What impact would development have on the site's habitats and biodiversity?	Limited	The developme and biodiversity	nt of the site would impact the site's habitats
Public Right of Way	None	There are footp	aths within the vicinity of the site.
Existing social or community value (provide details)	None		
Is the site likely to be affected by	Yes	No	Comments

any of the following?					
Ground Contamination		✓	The site is unlikely to be at risk of ground contamination		
Significant infrastructure crossing the site i.e. power lines/ pipe lines, or in close proximity to hazardous installations		✓			
Characteristics					
Characteristics which may affect deve	elopment	on the site:	Comments		
Topography: Flat/ plateau/ steep gradient		Flat			
Coalescence: Development would res merging into one another.	sult in neiç	ghbouring towns	s No		
Scale and nature of development would be large enough to significantly change size and character of settlement			The site is adjacent to Stretton Grandison and is large enough to significantly change size and character of settlement. However, it could also be developed in keeping with the existing urban grain.		
3. Availability					
Associate the suitability of the site will a	ivo on indi	aatian af whathan	r the site has any constraints to development		

Assessing the suitability of the site will give an indication of whether the site has any constraints to development. It should consider aspects such as infrastructure, planning policy, local services, heritage and other considerations.

Availability

	Yes	No	Comments
Is the site available for sale or development (if known)? Please provide supporting evidence.	✓		Site submitted to call for sites exercise by landowner
Are there any known legal or ownership problems such as unresolved multiple ownerships, ransom strips, tenancies, or operational requirements of landowners?		✓	
Is there a known time frame for availability? 0-5 /6-10 / 11-15 years.	✓		0-5 years

4.Summary

Assessing the suitability of the site will give an indication of whether the site has any constraints to development. It should consider aspects such as infrastructure, planning policy, local services, heritage and other considerations.

Conclusions

The site is appropriate for allocation	✓	
This site has minor constraints		
The site has significant constraints		
The site is unsuitable for allocation		
Potential housing development capacity: Up to 90 homes (based on 30dph, 75 developable area)		% net
Key evidence (3-4 bullet points) for decision to accept or discount site.	The site is currently used for agricultural purposes at has no planning history. The allocation of the site wit the NDP would result in the loss of agricultural land.	
	There is an informal access to the site boundary of the site. There is potential access to be provided to the site.	
	The site is some distance from the lat which provide a range of services and although it is close to bus stops proviservice to them. There are no footwalighting in the vicinity of the site.	d facilities, ding an infrequent
	There is limited potential for protected that the site is a working agricultural f	
	The site is open with wide and long v the surrounding areas. The site is cor medium to high sensitivity.	
	There are heritage assets in close pr any future development would need the surrounding heritage context.	

General information	
Site Reference / name	Site 12
Site Address (or brief description of broad location)	Land north of A4103, Eggleton
Current use	Agriculture
Proposed use	Residential
Gross area (Ha) Total area of the site in hectares	Series of plots between existing dwellings at the boundary of larger agricultural fields.
SHLAA site reference (if applicable)	N/A
Method of site identification (e.g. proposed by landowner etc)	SGGPC – call for sites (2018)



Context

Is the site: Greenfield: land (farmland, or open space, that has not previously been developed) Brownfield: Previously developed land which is or was occupied by a permanent structure, including the curtilage of the developed land and any associated infrastructure.	Greenfield ✓	Previously developed land (Brownfield)	Mixture	Unknown
Site planning history Have there been any previous applications for development on this land? What was the outcome?	No relevant plani	ning history		

2. Suitability

Suitability			
Is the current access adequate for the proposed development? If not, is there potential for access to be provided?	There is potential for a suitable access to be provided to the site. The A4103 is a single carriageway road that is national speed limit.		
Is the site accessible?	The site is close to bus stops on the A4103 which provide an infrequent service to Ledbury.		
	There are no footways or street lighting in the vicinity of the site.		
	The nearest train station is Ledbury which is approximately 8.6 miles from the site.		

	ı	
Questions	Assessment guidelines	Observations and comments
Is the site within or adjacent to the following policy or environmental designations:		Site is approximately 4km northwest of Birchend SSSI. As such, it is not considered to have a significant impact on them.
 Green Belt Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) National Park European nature site SSSI Impact Risk Zone Site of Importance for Nature Conservation Site of Geological Importance Flood Zones 2 or 3 	SSSI Impact Risk Zone	
Ecological value? Could the site be home to protected species such as bats, great crested newts, badgers etc.?	Some potential value	There is some potential for protected species given the presence of hedgerows at the boundary of the site. A Habitat Phase 1 Survey would be recommended for any planning applications.
Landscape		The site is within the Principal Timbered Farmlands
Is the site low, medium or high sensitivity in terms of landscape? Low sensitivity: site not visible or less visible, existing landscape is poor quality, existing features could be retained Medium sensitivity: Site has only moderate impact on landscape	Low sensitivity to development	Landscape Character Area of the Landscape character assessment for Herefordshire (2004, update 2009), which concludes that "he overall management strategy should therefore be one of conservation, restoration and enhancement of the existing tree cover and hedgerow." The site is considered to be of limited landscape value given its location within ribbon residential development.
character (e.g. in built up area);		

High sensitivity: Development would significantly detract from the landscape and important features unlikely to be retained- mitigation not possible		
Agricultural Land Loss of high quality agricultural land (Grades 1,2 or 3a)	Some loss of agricultural land	The site is Grade 2 agricultural land (very good).

Question	Assessment guidelines	Comments
Is the site within or adjacent to one or more of the following heritage designations or assets?		There are listed buildings to the south east and south west of the site.
 Conservation area Scheduled monument Registered Park and Garden Registered Battlefield Listed building Known archaeology Locally listed building 	Potential to have an impact on heritage assets, mitigation possible.	Any development would need to consider the relationship with heritage assets.

Community facilities and services

Is the site, in general terms, close/accessible to local amenities such as (but not limited to): Town centre/local centre/shop Employment location Public transport School(s) Open space/recreation/ leisure facilities Health facilities Cycle route(s)	Poorly located	The site is poorly located with respect to nearest settlements of Ledbury and Hereford.	
Where a site is poorly located if > 800m, moderately located if 400m to 800m, and favourably located if < 400m from services.			

Are there any Tree Preservation Orders on the site?	None	
What impact would development have on the site's habitats and biodiversity?	Limited	The development of the site would impact the site's habitats and biodiversity.
Public Right of Way	None	There are footpaths within the vicinity of the site.
Existing social or community value (provide details)	None	

Is the site likely to be affected by any of the following?	Yes	No			Comments
Ground Contamination		✓		e site is unli	kely to be at risk of ground
Significant infrastructure crossing the site i.e. power lines/ pipe lines, or in close proximity to hazardous installations		V			
Characteristics					
Characteristics which may affect deve	elopment	on the site:			Comments
Topography: Flat/ plateau/ steep gradient				Flat	
Coalescence: Development would result in neighbouring towns merging into one another.				No	
Scale and nature of development would be large enough to significantly change size and character of settlement				The site is within the hamlet of Eggleton. The individual parcels that front the A4103 are of a scale that is in keeping with the existing urban grain.	
3. Availability Assessing the suitability of the site will give an indication of whether the site has any constraints to development. It should consider aspects such as infrastructure, planning policy, local services, heritage and other considerations.					
Availability	ſ				
		Yes		No	Comments
Is the site available for sale or develor (if known)? Please provide supporting evidence.	pment	✓			Site submitted to call for sites exercise by landowner
Are there any known legal or ownersh problems such as unresolved multiple ownerships, ransom strips, tenancies operational requirements of landownerships.	e s, or		[✓	
Is there a known time frame for availa 0-5 /6-10 / 11-15 years.	bility?	✓			0-5 years
Any other comments?					

4.Summary

Conclusions				
The site is appropriate for allocation				
This site has minor constraints	✓			
The site has significant constraints				
The site is unsuitable for allocation				
Potential housing development capacity:	Potential for 16 houses fronting the A4103 (based the gross site area of each parcel at a density of 3 dph).			
Key evidence (3-4 bullet points) for decision to accept or discount site.	dph). Ence (3-4 bullet points) for decision to Each parcel would require its own net			